

# Knowledge Organisers 2<sup>nd</sup> Spring Term

Science

Geography

History

Art/DT

French

PSHE

Music

RE

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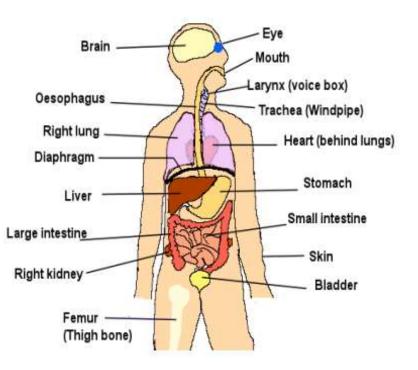
Year 3

#### Knowledge Organiser- The Human Body – Science - Year 3

Key Vocabulary	Definition	
cells	The smallest organism in the body that can only be seen under a microscope.	
tissue	Everything on a human or animals body that is made up of a group of cells.	
organs	Parts of our bodies made up of cells that have a specific function.	
incisors	A narrow-edged tooth at the front of the mouth, adapted for cutting.	
canines	A pointed tooth between the canines and premolars, used for tearing and grasping food.	
premolars	A tooth with two pointed tips to crush and tear food.	
molars	A tooth with lots of pointed tips used for grinding and chewing food.	
intestine	A long tube that carries food to from the stomach and out of the body.	
digestion	The process of digesting food into small pieces to be used for energy in the body.	
liver	An organ in the body that acts like a chemical factory, filtering blood and removing chemicals	
protein	One of the food groups, commonly found in meats and fish.	
carbohydrates	One of the food groups, commonly found in potatoes and pasta.	
dairy	Something found in a range of foods including milk, cream and cheese.	
vitamin	A substance needed to keep a healthy body. These are found in a range of foods such as oranges and lemon.	
mineral	A substance such as tin, sulphur and salt. Small quantities are also found in foods.	



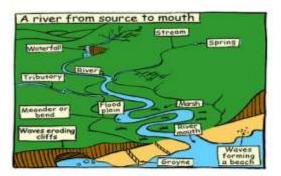
	Key Knowledge
l kr	now the difference between cells, tissues and organs.
	nderstand how I can fuel my body and keep it thy. I know the food pyramid is a guide on how to maintain a healthy diet.
I kno	w why vitamins and minerals are an important part of our diet.
I kno	w the different types of teeth and how to keep them healthy.
I kno	w the different organs in the digestive system and can explain how food is digested.



Knowledge	Organiser-	<b>Rivers</b> -	Geograph	ıy -	Year 3
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Definition
The start of the river, usually on high ground.
A narrow river
A stream or lots of streams that merge into a river.
The area where a river meets the sea.
The end of a river, where the sea begins.
The area of land from which water has drained into a river.
The edge of a river basin.
A route within a river that is used for travel.

	Key Knowledge
l kn	ow the different stages of a river in the water cycle and
	how they are helpful to people.
1 4	know information about the River Great Ouse and the
	River Danube.
Ik	now the source and mouth of the River Nile and River
	Niger in Africa
I kn	ow key information about the River Yangtze, the Yellow
	River, the Ob, the Indus and the Ganges.
Ik	know the names of important rivers in North America,
	South America and Australia.



River Thames	River Danube	River Nile	The Ganges	The Amazon	The Murray
Europe	Europe	Africa	Asia	South America	Australia
				22	

Knowledge	Organiser-	Law and	Power- History-	Year 3
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Key Vocabulary	Definition
jury	A group of people that make a decision on someone's guilt based on evidence given
Rule of law	A set of rules that must be followed
Trial by ordeal	To decide someone's guilt by USE of a cruel test
crusAde	Series of invAsions of Muslim controlled territory in the Holy Land by Christian armies
Holy Land	Modern day Israel and Palestine
knight	The King's soldier who wore armour
tyrant	A cruel ruler
Baron	A very powerful and wealthy landowner
burgh	A medieval area of land
parliament	The highest legislature, consisting of the Sovereign, HOUSE of LORDS and the HOUSE of Commons
Magna Carta	A document of rules sealed by King John in 1215.

	Key Knowledge
I know t	he difference between 'trial by ordeal' and 'trial by jury' and explain what they are.
l understa	and that the Church restricted the King's power. I know how and why Thomas Becket died
l ki	now that the Christian Europeans invaded the Holy Land during the Crusades.
I understan	d that King John treated his people badly and as a result of this had to sign the Magna Carta.
I know t	that Simon de Montfort set up the first English parliament after defeating Henry III





Archbishop of Canterbury The head of the English church. Thomas Beckett was the Archbishop of Canterbury from 1162-1170.	
King John King of England from 1199- 1216. He signed the Magna Carta in 1215.	
Pope The head of the Catholic church. Pope Innocent III was the Pope between 1198-1216.	

# Knowledge Organiser - Mythological Paintings - Visual Arts - Year 3

Key Vocabulary	Definition
Myth	A traditional story made up in the past, often to explain an event, belief or custom
Mythological paintings	Paintings relating to or based on myths
Classical	Something that is from ancient Greek or Roman culture
Narrative	A piece of art that tells a story with colour and lines, instead of words
Character	A person or an animal in a piece of narrative art
Characteristic	An important thing about thing or a person which makes them what they are
setting	The place where a story takes place
Minotaur	A monster which is half bull and half man

	Key Knowledge
l kr	now that artists have shown myths like 'Theseus and the Minotaur' in art throughout history.
	I understand that art can tell part or the whole of a narrative.
l kno	ow that Picasso painted many pictures of the Minotaur, showing different characteristics in each one.
I k	now that artist can show different characteristics of a person by the way they draw.
l kno	ow that many artist have shown classical myths in their paintings like 'The Medusa' and 'Apollo and Daphne'.

Art	Artist/Title	
	Pablo Picasso, Minotaur and his Wife, 1937	
	Pablo Picasso, Minotaur, 1933	
	Antonio del Pollaiuolo, Apollo and Daphne, (c.1432-1498)	

# Knowledge Organiser Year 3 French Unit 4: Les Animaux

Key Language	English	
J'ai un chien	I have a dog	
un chat	a cat	
un lapin	a rabbit	
un oiseau	a bird	
un poisson	a fish	
un dragon	a dragon	
une tortue	a tortoise	
une souris	a mouse	
qui s'appelle	who is called	
Je n'ai pas d'animal.	I don't have a pet	
onze, douze, treize, quatorze, quinze, seize, dix-sept, dix-huit, dix-neuf, vingt	11-20	
Il s'appelle	His name is	
Elle s'appelle	Her name is	
Il est /Elle est grand(e).	He / She is tall.	
petit(e)	small	
drôle	funny	
sévère	strict	
timide	shy	



J'ai un chat gris et noir qui s'appelle Mini.



Il s'appelle Albus Dumbledore, Il est grand.

## **KEY QUESTIONS**

Tu as un animal? Il y a combien de chats? Il /Elle s'appelle comment? What's his/her name? II/Elle est comment?

Have you got a pet? How many cats are there? What is he/she like?

sévère.

Elle s'appelle Minerva

Mcgonagall. Elle est



## Knowledge Organiser – PSHE – Healthy Me - Year Three

Key Vocabulary			
Oxygen	Oxygen is a gas that exists in large quantities in the air. All plant and animals need oxygen in order to live.		
Fitness	The condition of being physically strong and healthy.		
Medicines	A substance used to treat illness or diseases and maintain good health.		
Hazards	A danger or risk.		
Safe	Protected from danger or risk.		
Harmful	Likely to cause harm.		









#### **Key Knowledge**

I understand how exercise affects my body and know why my heart and lungs are such important organs.

I understand that, like medicines, some household substances can be harmful if not used correctly.

I can identify things, people and places that I need to keep safe from, and can tell you some strategies for keeping myself safe including who to go to for help.



#### Reflective questions Ask me this...

What types of exercise will help your heart and lungs to get fitter?

Why is it important to take care of our bodies?

Can medicines be harmful as well as helpful?



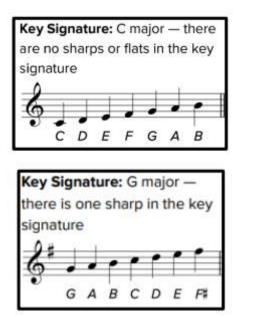


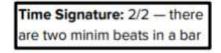
KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER MUSIC

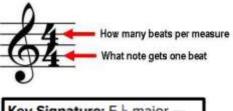
Key Vocabulary	Definition		
Time signature	The rhythm following a clef		
Key signature	The key of a piece of music depends o the flats and sharps in the music.		
Musical Style	Pop, Soul, Rock etc.		
Рор	A popular genre of music		
Rock	A form of music that evolved from 'rock and roll' music		
Soul Music that incorporates elements o rhythm, blues and gospel			
Romantic	Music from the 19 <sup>th</sup> and 20 <sup>th</sup> century e.g. Beethoven, Chopin		
tonality	Major, minor and blues		
Dynamic change	From forte to piano and visa versa		

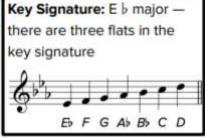


#### MORE MUSICAL STYLES YEAR 3 UNIT 4









Time Signature: 4/4 —	there
are four crotchet beats	in a
bar	11.1.2.2.2.011



- Friendship song
- Family
- Come on over



### R.E. Year 3 Spring 2 Knowledge Organiser What is 'good' about Good Friday?

Key vocabulary	Definition Making a bad situation get better	
Rescue		
Disciple	A follower of Jesus.	
Last Supper	The last meal Jesus shared with his Aspostles, the night before he died. Christians believe this was the first Mass.	
crucifixion	To be put to death by hanging on a wooden cross	
forgiveness	To let go of bad feelings when someone says sorry and star again.	
gratitude To appreciate what others do for us and not take the granted.		

#### Key Knowledge

I know how to rescue a situation and put things right.

I know the main events in the Easter story

I can explain why some Christians believe Jesus' death is important.

To know that Christians believe that Jesus' death means they are forgiven and they will be able to enter Heaven when they die.

I can show others how much I love and care for them.





"Father, forgive them"





# Knowledge Organiser – PE – Tag Rugby – Year 3



Key Vocabulary	Definition		
Interception	When a player takes possession of the ball away from the opposition as the ball is passed.	Skills	
Possession	When a team has the ball they are in possession.	Possession	
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Marking	When a player defends an opponent.	Try line	
Try	The unit of scoring in tag rugby.		
Тад	When a player pulls the tag of the opposition who is in possession of the ball.		
Try line	The line behind which a player must place the ball in order to score a try.	Tag	
	Skill Development		
To de	evelop throwing, catching and running with the ball.		3
	p an understanding of how to defend using tagging rules.		
	begin to use the 'forward pass' and 'offside' rule.		
	o develop movement skills to dodge a defender.		
	track an opponent and begin to defend as a team.		
to apply the rule	es and skills you have learnt and play in a tag rugby tournament.		