West Norfolk Academies Trust (Primary) – Curriculum Map – Music (Charanga) 23

W						
THE	Auti	umn	Spr	ing	Sum	nmer
EYFS Knowledge	All about me!		Everyone		Big Bear Funk	
	I can sing nursery rhymes. I can use instruments to accompany myself when I perform indoors/outdoors on the stage – I can clap along to the rhymes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Once I Caught a Fish Alive This Old Man Five Little Ducks Name Song Things For Fingers I can listen to and describe in simple terms different styles of music, focusing on Beatles (past) and Pharrell Williams (present) I can listen to and describe in simple terms different styles of music, focusing on Beatles (past) and Pharrell Williams (present) I can hear the difference between one voice and a group of voices.		I can learn a wider range of songs and rhymes, clapping to the beat and rhythm Rock-a-bye Baby Five Little Monkeys Jumping On The Bed Twinkle Twinkle If You're Happy And You Know It Head, Shoulders, Knees And Toes I can listen to music that is classical and instrumental (coronation music) I can hear and name some instruments. I can respond and describe my feelings by listening to the music. I can enjoy reggae with Bob Marley's song one love.		I can enjoy music linked to animals. I can hear how the music creates a sound like an animal Carnival of the Animals San Cere / Flight of the bumblebee Korsakov) I can describe my ideas to others and explain what I like and don't like. I can use instruments to create sounds like animals and create a repeating pattern	
EYFS Vocabulary	Listen, sing, pitch, ha rhythm, enjoyment, d			Loud, slow, trumpet, piano, violin, cello, classical music, reggae music Instruments, perform, slow, sweet,		
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1 Knowledge	My Musical Heartbeat	Dance, Sing and Play!	Exploring Sounds	Learning to Listen	Having Fun with Improvisation	Let's Perform Together
	Social Theme: How can we make friends when we sing together?	Social Theme: How does music tell stories about the past?	Social Theme: How does music make the world a better place?	Social Theme: How does music help us understand our neighbours?	Social Theme: What songs can we sing to help us through the day?	Social Theme: How does music teach us about looking after our planet?
	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each

	and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G.	lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F#, G, A	and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A	and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A	lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A	lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B
	Musical Spotlight: Every piece of music has a heartbeat - a musical heartbeat. In music, we call it the 'pulse' or the 'beat' of the music. When you are listening and singing to the music and songs in this Unit, try to find and keep the pulse or steady beat together. You might march, clap or sway in time - find a movement that helps you to keep the beat.	Musical Spotlight: Music is made up of long and short sounds called 'rhythm' and high and low sounds that we call 'pitch'. As you dance, sing, and play instruments with the music in this unit, explore these sounds and how they work together.	Musical Spotlight: Music is made up of high and low sounds, long and short sounds, and loud and quiet sounds. Explore these sounds and create your own very simple melodies.	Musical Spotlight: Listening is very important. You can listen with your eyes and ears and you can also feel sound in your body. What can you hear in this unit?	Musical Spotlight: Improvising is fun! It's an exciting activity where everyone is creating something new. It can be a melody or a rhythm. When you improvise, you can do it on your own or in groups.	Musical Spotlight: Singing, dancing and playing together is called 'performing'. Performing together is great fun! Plan a concert together to celebrate all the songs you have learnt this year.
	Musical styles: Hip Hop, Rap, Pop, Jazz, Soul, Classical	Musical styles: Reggae, pop, waltz, gospel, 20 th & 21 st Century Orchestral	Musical styles: Pop, waltz, reggae, funk, 20 th & 21 st Century Orchestral	Musical styles: Swing, pop, lullaby, 20 th & 21 st Century Orchestral	Musical styles: Pop, swing, jazz, Latin Iullaby, classical	Musical styles: pop, European Classical, Marching band, Country, Reggae, Gospel, Jazz
Year 1 Vocabulary	Beat, pulse, pitch, tempo, rhythm, dynamics, high, low, march, clap, sway, musician, sing, listen, movement, fast, slow, perform, Hip Hop, Rap, Pop, Jazz, Soul, Classical	Beat, pulse, rhythm, pitch, long, short, high, low, musical style, structure, musician, glockenspiel, Reggae, pop, waltz, gospel, 20th & 21st Century Orchestral	Beat, pulse, rhythm, pitch, trumpets, high, low, long, short (staccato), dynamic, tempo, forte, piano, musician, instrument, Pop, waltz, reggae, funk, 20th & 21st Century Orchestral	Beat, pulse, rhythm, pitch, melody, listening, violin, Swing, pop, lullaby, 20 th & 21 st Century Orchestral	Beat, pulse, rhythm, pitch, perform, improvise, compose, melody, percussion, tempo, fast, slow, Pop, swing, jazz, Latin lullaby, classical	Beat, pulse, rhythm, pitch, perform, percussion, concert, texture (thick), articulation, pop, European Classical, Marching band, Country, Reggae, Gospel, Jazz

Year 2	Pulse, Rhythm and	Playing in an	Inventing a Musical	Recognising Different	Exploring	Our Big Concert
Knowledg	Social Theme: How does music help us to make friends? Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A Musical Spotlight: Music has a pulse, a steady beat. Music is also made up of long and short and high and low sounds, called 'rhythm' and 'pitch'. These elements combine when we sing and play. As you listen to, sing, play and dance to the music in this unit, explore these elements of music and how they work together.	Social Theme: How does music teach us about the past? Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A, Bb, B Musical Spotlight: Playing together is a very important part of learning music. There are many ensembles, bands and groups you can play in. One of these groups is an orchestra. This unit features the orchestra what can you learn about the orchestra?	Story Social Theme: How does music make the world a better place? Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A, Bb, B Musical Spotlight: Music is used for many reasons and can help us to tell a story and express our feelings. Music can be loud or soft, fast or slow, smooth and connected, or short and detached. We can also use instruments with different sounds to help communicate a story and different emotions. Explore the music in this unit and try to connect your feelings with what you hear. Do any of the songs tell a story? Use the music in this unit to explore loud and soft sounds.	Social Theme: How does music teach us about the neighbourhood? Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A, Bb, B Musical Spotlight: When voices or instruments work together to play different pitches that sound at the same time, we can hear harmony in music! Explore the voices and instruments used within the music in this unit to identify how and when harmony takes place. How many different instruments can you recognise in the songs in this unit?	Improvisation Social Theme: How does music make us happy? Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A, Bb, B Musical Spotlight: Explore improvisation a bit further in this unit. Perhaps use two or three notes and have a go playing or singing on your own. Explore and have fun!	Social Theme: How does Music teach us about looking after our Planet? Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B♭, B Musical Spotlight: Put on a big concert! Present your choice of songs to create a performance. Remember to introduce the songs and tell your audience what you have learnt.
	Musical styles: Soul, 20th Century classical, Jazz, Rock	Musical styles: Jazz, 20th and 21st Century orchestral/ Choral, Jazz/Swing	Musical styles: Pop, Jazz: Ragtime, Kwela	Musical styles: Romantic/20th Century Orchestral, Marching Band, Gospel	Musical styles: Rock, Film Music, Heavy Metal, Punk, Funk, Jazz, Calypso	Musical styles: Pop, Rock, Calypso, Reggae

Year 2	Pulse, beat, long/ short	Ensemble, band,	Dynamic (forte, piano),	Pitch (high/ low),	Tempo, pulse, beat,	Concert, performance,
Vocabulary	rhythm, high/ low pitch, elements, time signature, performance, compose, Soul, 20th Century classical, Jazz, Rock	orchestra, percussion, thick/ thin texture, tempo, dynamics, legato/ staccato articulation, brass, strings, woodwind, percussion, conductor, Jazz, 20th and 21st Century orchestral/ Choral, Jazz/Swing	tempo (fast/ slow), articulation (legato/ staccato), storytelling, musical style, composer, vocals/ lyrics, Pop, Jazz: Ragtime, Kwela	harmony, beat, voices, texture (thin/ thick), rhythm, structure (intro, verse, chorus, outro), piano, band, snare drum, dynamics (musical symbol f / p), Romantic/20th Century Orchestral, Marching Band, Gospel	improvisation, notation, repetition, dynamics (loud/ soft/ in-between), imagination, tempo change, electric guitar, song/ piece, Rock, Film Music, Heavy Metal, Punk, Funk, Jazz, Calypso	perform, audience, dynamics (mezzo forte, mezzo piano, in- between), call and response, texture (one voice or more), thin, thick, Pop, Rock, Calypso, Reggae
Year 3 Knowledge	Writing Music Down	Playing in a Band	Composing using your imagination	More Musical Styles	Enjoying Improvisation	Opening Night
	Social Theme: How does music bring us closer together?	Social Theme: What stories does music tell us about the past?	Social Theme: How does music make the world a better place?	Social Theme: How does music help us get to know our community?	Social Theme: How does Music make a difference to us every day?	Social Theme: How does music connect us with our planet?
	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, G♯, A, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, G♯, A, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, G♯, A, B♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F#, G#, G, A, Bb, B
	Musical Spotlight: Long and short (rhythm) and high and low (pitch) sounds can be represented by musical symbols. These symbols can be written on a stave and named with special musical names. This helps us to remember what we are going to sing and play. Explore the notes, crotchets and minims within the	Musical Spotlight: Playing together in a band is fun and exciting! Try to read the notation of one of the easy instrumental parts when playing together in this unit. In music, the steady beat is organised by time signatures which tell us how many beats there are in each bar. What are the time signatures of the music you are	Musical Spotlight: Use your imagination when creating your compositions in this unit. What do you see when you close your eyes? Can you write a melody or find sounds that represent the story you want to tell?	Musical Spotlight: Music, with all its styles, has changed and shaped lives around the world. When you listen to music and it changes from loud to quiet or quiet to loud, it can be very exciting! We call these changes 'dynamics'. Loud sounds are called 'forte', and quiet sounds are called	Musical Spotlight: Exploring the structure of songs is interesting and important. There are patterns in songs that you will recognise. Listening, singing, playing and improvising are some of them. Introduction, verse, and chorus are some more. You will improvise over a section of the song. Can you work out where you will	Musical Spotlight: Have fun planning your performance! Create and present a performance with an understanding of the songs you are singing and where they fit in the world. Present what has been learnt in the lesson with confidence. If you want to create your own band, use the simple band parts

	music you learn. See how these notes can fit on the lines and spaces of a stave.	playing? When people sing or use instruments to play two or more different pitches that sound at the same time, we can hear harmony in music. Explore singing and playing instruments together to create these beautiful sounds.		'piano'. Explore these changes in dynamics within the music in this unit.	improvise in the songs in this unit? Can you identify sections of the music that change or repeat?	provided. Every instrument is there!
	Musical styles: Country, Baroque, Pop	Musical styles: Disco, Jazz: New Orleans, Film music, Folk, sea shanty	Musical styles: Pop, Disco , Pop Ballad, Soul, Musicals, Gospel	Musical styles: Pop, Romantic, Rock, Native American and Gospel, Soul.	Musical styles: Gospel, Musicals, Jazz, 20 th Century Orchestral, Hip Hop	Musical styles: Gospel, Romantic, Pop, 20 th Century Orchestral, Hip Hop
Year 3 Vocabulary	Notation, rhythm, pitch, musical symbols, dynamics, stave, crochet, minims, quaver, pitch (high/low), tonality (major (happy) / minor (sad)), time /key signature, melody, tempo (fast, slow), texture (thick/thin), Country, Baroque, Pop	Notation, steady beat, time/key signature, harmony, pitch (high/low) dynamic contrast, 2/3/4 beats in a bar, crochet, minims, quaver, tempo (fast, slow, steady), melody, Disco, Jazz: New Orleans, Film music, Folk, sea shanty	Compose, composition, melody, storytelling, tonality (major/ minor), articulation (legato/ staccato), time/key signature, structure (instrumental section), notation, Pop, Disco, Pop Ballad, Soul, Musicals, Gospel	Musical style, dynamic change (crescendo, diminuendo), forte (f), piano (p),), time/key signature, tonality (major, minor, blues), atmosphere (tense/scary), Pop, Romantic, Rock, Native American and Gospel, Soul.	Structure (intro, bridge, verse, chorus, outro), pattern, crochet, minims, quaver, , tempo, repetition, improvisation, dynamic contrast, rhythm (syncopation (off beat)), accompaniment, instrumental, Gospel, Musicals, Jazz, 20th Century Orchestral, Hip Hop	Performance, perform, create, band, synthesizer, guitar, bass guitar, drum kit, lead vocals, backing vocals, Gospel, Romantic, Pop, 20th Century Orchestral, Hip Hop
Year 4 Knowledge	Musical Structures Social Theme: How does Music bring us together?	Exploring Feelings When You Play Social Theme: How does Music connect us with our past?	Compose with Your Friends Social Theme: How Does Music Improve Our World?	Feelings Through Music Social Theme: How does music teach us about our community?	Expression and Improvisation Social Theme: How does music shape our way of life?	The Show Must Go on! Social Theme: How does Music connect with the environment?
	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these

	notes: C, D, E, F, G, A, Bb	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B♭ , B	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B♭, B	notes: C, D, E, F♯, G, A, B♭ , B	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B♭, B	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B, B, C♯
		Musical Spotlight: Sometimes, the music we hear highlights the words we are singing! There might be a special effect in the music on a particular song lyric to make that word stand out. Explore how special effects in music can make the words we sing more meaningful. The sounds that we hear in music can also help to communicate specific moods.	Musical Spotlight: When you are composing music together, there is a lot to remember! Music is often written based on various key signatures that guide melodies used in the music. There is often a note that sounds like 'home', or where a melody should 'land'. This is called the 'tonic pitch' or the 'home note' and makes a melody or a song sound final – like it has been resolved.	Musical Spotlight: Music is used for many reasons and can help us express our feelings. Music can be loud or quiet, fast or slow, smooth and connected or short and detached. We can also use instruments with different sounds to help communicate different emotions. Explore the music in this unit and try to connect your feelings with what you hear.	Musical Spotlight: Improvisation is a way to express our feelings. Music comes from our hearts. To make your improvisation more expressive in this unit, add dynamics.	Musical Spotlight: Create and present a performance! Present what has been learnt in the lesson with confidence. Introduce the performance with an understanding of what the songs are about and any other connections. Remember, use the simple band parts if you want to.
	Musical Styles: 20 th and 21 st Century Orchestral, Reggae, Soul, Hip Hop, Country and Western	Musical Styles: Future Pop, Electronic Dance, Folk, Jazz	Practice listening, singing, and playing instruments to explore this important note in music. Musical Styles: Disco, Musicals, Folk, 20th and 21st century orchestral, waltz	Musical Styles: R and B, Classical, Jazz, Romantic, Rock, Nursery Rhyme	Musical Styles: 20 th and 21 st century orchestral/ choral, Gospel, Romantic, Medieval Music	Musical Styles: Choral, Funk, Electronic Dance Music
Year 4 Vocabulary	Repetition, structure (verse and chorus), form, pattern, time signature (6/8), dotted crotchet, quaver, tempo, structure, harmony, melody, 20 th and 21 st Century Orchestral, Reggae, Soul, Hip Hop, R & B, Country and Western	Accent (>),dotted crotchet, quaver, instrumental layers, texture, tonality, legato (flowing and gentle), Future Pop, Electronic Dance, Folk, Jazz	Key signature, melody, home note, tonic, pitch, Disco, Musicals, Folk, 20 th and 21 st century orchestral, waltz	Dynamic, fortissimo (ff), pianissimo (pp), tempo, pitch, timbre (soft / harsh), chords, syncopation (off beat), R and B, Classical, contemporary R&B, Jazz, Romantic, Rock, Nursery Rhyme	Improvisation, dynamics (ff, pp, mp, mf, f, p), lyrics, accompaniment (piano/ band), 20 th and 21 st century orchestral/ choral, Gospel, Romantic, Medieval Music	Articulation change, melodic change, timbre change, Choral, Funk, Electronic Dance Music

Year 5 Knowledge	Melody and Harmony in Music	Sing and Play in Different Styles	Composing and Chords	Enjoying Musical Styles	Freedom to Improvise	Battle of the Bands
	Social Theme: How does music bring us together?	Social Theme: How does music connect us with our past?	Social Theme: How does music improve our world?	Social Theme: How does Music teach us about our community?	Social Theme: How does Music shape our way of life.	Social Theme: How does music connect us with the environment?
	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E♭, E, F, F♯, G, A, A♭, B♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E♭, E, F, F♯, G, A♭, A, B♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E♭, E, F, F♯, G, A♭, A, B♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, E♭, F♯, F, G, A♭, A, B♭	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E♭, E, F, F♯, G, A, B♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E♭, E, F, F♯, G, G♯, A♭, A, B♭
	Musical Spotlight: A melody (or a tune) is a group of notes played one after another. In music, 'melody' contrasts with 'harmony'. Harmony means notes which are played at the same time, like chords. Composers often think of a melody and then add harmony to it.	Musical Spotlight: Singing and playing in different styles with different grooves is part of being in a band or an ensemble. We learn about music from all around the world, too. In music, 'tempo' refers to the speed of the beat — or how fast or slow the music sounds. Sometimes tempos stay the same throughout a song, and sometimes they change. When you are singing and playing, explore the various tempos of the music in this unit.	Musical Spotlight: If we play three or more pitches together, we can create chords in music. Chords provide the basis for accompaniment in music. By using chords in compositions, we can create music that is really interesting. In this unit, you will create an accompaniment and the composition extension activities will help you to learn about chords.	Musical Spotlight: There are so many different, wonderful and interesting styles of music. Something that happens in music that makes it so interesting is 'texture'. 'Texture' refers to the layers of sound you hear in a piece of music. Texture can be the number of voices and instruments you hear at once. Styles of music have different textures. Explore how voices and instruments combine to create texture in music.	Musical Spotlight: Improvisation gives you the freedom to express yourself, to really go for it! When you improvise in this unit, why not use notes that lie further apart? An 'interval' in music refers to the distance between two pitches. Some notes lie right next to each other (stepping motion) while other notes lie further apart (skipping motion).	Musical Spotlight: Create a fun and confident performance with your choice of music and songs. You might perform in small groups and as a whole class. You might have your own band that wants to perform. You decide. Introduce your music professionally, and think about your audience and what they would like to see and hear. Don't forget to use the simple band parts. Enjoy!
	Musical styles: 20 th and 21 st Century Orchestral, Gospel	Musical Styles: Pop, Minimalism, 20 th and 21 st Century Orchestral, Rock n Roll, Gospel	Musical Styles: South African, Jazz: Contemporary, 20 th and 21 st Century Orchestral, Pop	Musical Styles: Reggae, 20 th and 21 st Century Orchestral, Pop, Film music	Musical Styles: Pop, Reggae 20 th and 21 st Century Orchestral, Film and TV music	Musical Styles: Pop, Romantic, 20 th and 21 st Century Orchestral, Rhythm and Blues

Year 5 Vocabulary	Melody, harmony, notation, chords, rhythmic patterns, texture, 20 th and 21 st Century Orchestral, Gospel	Style, genre, ensemble, tempo, semi quavers, dotted quavers, accelerando, Pop, Minimalism, 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Rock n Roll, Gospel	Chord, triad, accompaniment, notation, composition, melody, South African, Jazz: Contemporary, 20 th and 21 st Century Orchestral, Pop	Texture, genre, sections, tonality, musical styles, triplet quavers, atmosphere, articulation, Reggae, 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Pop, Film music	Notation, interval, notes (F A C E) (E G B D F), melody, harmony, tonality, staccato, pentatonic scale, improvise, composition, Pop, Reggae 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Film and TV music	Compose, perform, structure, time signature (2, 3, 4, 5, beats in a bar and 6/8), texture change (thick to thin), Pop, Romantic, 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Rhythm and Blues
Year 6	Music and	Developing	Creative	Musical Styles	Improvising with	Farewell Tour
Knowledge	Technology	Ensemble Skills	Composition	Connect Us	Confidence	
	Social Theme: How does music bring us together?	Social Theme: How does music connect us with our past?	Social Theme: How does music improve our world?	Social theme: How does music teach us about our community?	Social theme: How does music shape our way of life?	Social theme: How does music connect us with the environment?
	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, C♯, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, C♯, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, C#, D, E, F, F#, G, G#, Ab, A, Bb, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, C#, D, E, F, F#, G, G#, Ab , A, Bb , B
	Musical Spotlight: Nowadays, music and songs are often created and composed using a DAW (Digital Audio Workstation). In all the units of work, there is a combination of live instruments with a DAW. Can you tell the difference between the live sounds and digital sounds? The YuStudio projects in the YuStudio tab will teach you invaluable skills in music production that will enrich and enhance	Musical Spotlight: You are all used to singing and playing together in a band or ensemble now. You will have gained confidence, so when you are playing together in this unit make sure to use dynamics and expression, read a notated instrumental part. Make sure you listen to one another and follow the leader if there is one. By changing the dynamics of music, we can make	Musical Spotlight: By using chords in compositions, we can create music that is more harmonically interesting. We can also create accompaniment for a melody using chords. Explore how chords are used within the music in this unit by listening and responding to La Bamba and looking at the composition extension activities for Disco Fever.	Musical Spotlight: Music is powerful and brings people from different backgrounds and parts of the world together. When we dance, sing and play, we can all share ideas and it helps us to come together. Explore how the different styles of music in this unit developed from different social themes.	Musical Spotlight: You are now confident improvisers! You can create your own personal musical ideas. When you improvise in this unit, think about phrasing and dynamics. A 'phrase' is sort of like a 'musical sentence'. Sometimes, a melody is made up of many phrases – just like a paragraph is made up of many sentences. Explore how phrases fit together to make a melody. By changing the	Musical Spotlight: This is your last performance before you move to high school. It will be a special performance, so take time to plan and include the songs and music that represent your class. You might perform in small groups or bands and as a whole class. Remember - band parts are available. Enjoy this performance!

	vour musical journay	the music more			dynamics of music wa	
	your musical journey	the music more			dynamics of music, we	
	and inspire your	interesting. Sometimes,			can make the music	
	creativity.	gradual changes from			more interesting.	
		soft to loud			Sometimes, gradual	
		("crescendo") or from			changes from soft to	
		loud to soft			loud ('crescendo') or	
		("decrescendo") can			from loud to soft	
		help make music more			('diminuendo') can help	
		exciting.			make music more	
					exciting.	
		Musical styles:	Musical styles:	Musical styles:	Musical styles:	Musical styles:
	Musical styles:	Soul, Hip Hop, Jazz :	Disco, Romantic, Rock	Rock, Romantic, Folk,	Hip Hop, Gospel,	Reggae, Pop, Jazz,
	Soul, 20th and 21st	Swing, 20th and 21st	and Roll, Pop	Pop	Salsa, Rhythm and	Soul, Film and TV
	Century Orchestral,	Century Orchestral,	, , ,	- 1	Blues	music
	Pop, Soul	Rock			_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	. op, cou.					
Year 6	DAW (digital audio	Notation, crescendo,	Harmony, dotted	Moderato, 5/4 (5	Phrase (musical	Adagio, andante,
Vocabulary	workstation), live	decrescendo,	crochet, C major,	crochets in a bar), G	sentence), phrasing,	moderato, compose,
	sound, digital sound,	ensemble, dotted	Disco, Romantic, Rock	major (1 sharp),	dynamic change,	texture, timbre,
	music production,	quavers, adagio (slow),	and Roll, Pop	articulation, Rock,	andante, key signature	Reggae, Pop, Jazz,
	dotted rhythms,	improvise, compose,	,	Romantic, Folk, Pop	(D minor), triplet	Soul, Film and TV
	syncopation, Soul, 20th	melody, A minor, Soul,		, , ,	quavers, Hip Hop,	music
	and 21st Century	Hip Hop, Jazz : Swing,			Gospel, Salsa, Rhythm	
	Orchestral, Pop, Soul	20th and 21st Century			and Blues	
	, , , , ,	Orchestral, Rock				